MARKETS BY TELEGRAP

THE SHERIFF'S COUP.

TALTON HALL, THE CONDEMNED

He is Secretly Spirited Away to Lynchburg for Safe-Keeping-The Blue-Grass Meb Foiled-Wise Folks Sarprised.

BID STONE GAP, February &-"Talt" all was quietly removed from the jail at orthouse to-day and taken to safe-keeping. A strong at their intention of making the re-Vise Courthouse know to-night at Hall has been removed from that

The result is the saving of a case, as the guard that has been jail has been maintained at a out \$500 per week.

d in this town that the anthori-

TING LINES OF BAILBOAD. d Connection of the N. &. W. the C. & O. and B. &. O.

noke—to some point in ere a junction can be hesapeake and Ohio. A atly been obtained and will be a costly enter-the mountainous sec-it will pass, yet this

THE CAROLINA OYSTER TRADE. ding the War on the Pllots-A Demand for Our Frank.

pendence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

a.s., V.A., February S.—The busiworking the oyster-beds on the
re-mods has been largely particithis season by Maryland vessels,
soon as leaded pass out Hatteras,
di proceed to fialtimore. This is,
so, done under the law's restriction of as formerly waen the
g vessels by the hundred depretion the beds from one end of the
to the other until broken up by
ded forces of the State. It is said
least two thirds of the oysters that
full to to Baltimore. Last winter
transfer packers had branch houses
both City, N. C., employing a large
hands, and the business is greatly
there this season. Norfolk packers
much houses at Elizabeth City,
quality of the bivalve is excellent
leade.

Camp at the Academy of Music, etc., and Captain Frank Cun-of Richmond, is in the vocal

J. Pressley Barrett has been stor of the Christian church in succeed Rev. C. J. Jones, recon decided to hold a Spurgeon-

STEAMER RUNS INTO A BRIDGE. Draw Damaged-Travel Blockedother Victim of the Grip.

altelegram to the Dispatch. A. Va., February 5.—The steamer studies to North Carolina, run into it and Western bridge across the frauch and damaged the draw extent that travel is suspended. As to remain so for the next third backing all river travel. The ind Western and Norfolk South-Hander their passagers at that

ansier their passengers at that who has been sick with la the last two weeks at the Re-Sick, died this morning in of his age. His remains will

as a snow flurry here at a lively afternoon, and a gale is blowing

New Safe and Through Train. adone of the Richmond Dispatch.]

CAVILLE, VA., February 5.—The safe for the People's Bank is bepetition to-day, and the new bank
man Monday.

Bloom, cashier of Heary County Bank,

icanose over the Rosnoke and

Death of Agent W. H. Hallowell.

By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Shitsonitzo, Va., February 5.—The disc answeltorn of the senson set in here light and rayed with unabased fury nearly ledge. The weather has turned bitterly which adds to the discomfort.

THE TURF. Events Yesterday at Gloucester and at Guttenburg-Entries for To-Day.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Time, 1:20.
Second race—five furlongs—Pickidens won; Woodbury second, Morrisania third. Time, 1:05½.
Third race—six and one-half furlongs—Crispin won; Fernwoodsecond, Samaritan third. Time, 1:26½.
Fourth race—one mile—Judge Nelson won; Vendetta second, McGinnis third. Time, 1:47%.
Fifth race—four and one-half furlongs—Hawkeye won; Bonnie Lass second, Red Elm third. Time, 57½.
Sixth race—five furlongs—Torchlight won; Austral second, Defendant third. Time, 1:05%.

GUTTENBURG. N. J., February 5.—The track was in fair condition to-day, but was far from being fast.

First race—five furlongs—Broadway won; Longing second, Vanquisher third. Time, 1:05.

Time, 1:05.
Second race—six furlongs—Matagorda (filiy) won; Maxim (filiy) second, Crab Cider third. Time, 118%.
Third race—six and a half furlongs—Jay F. Dee won; Silverman second, Charter third. Time, 1:25.
Fourth race—one and one-sixteenth miles—Glenlochy won; Van second, Sir George third. Time, 1:51%.
Fifth race—four furlongs—Miss Bess won; Forty second, Lady Light third. Time, 50%.

Time, 50%.
Sixth race—one mile—Joe Courtney
won; Sandstone second, Longstride
third. Time, 1:46%.

GLOUCESTER ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY. First race—four and one-half furlongs, selling—Harry Russell, 131: Lomax, 126; Jack Lackland, 122; Dirigo, Morristown, Tomkins, Howe, 121; Young Lottery, 117: Uproar (colt), 116: Hyrdra, 112; Erect, 125; Preprint of the control of the colt.

Uproar (colt), 116: Hyrdra, 112; Erect, Baby, 106.
Second race—seven furlongs, selling—Umpire Kelly, 111; Allan Archer, 106; Little Ella, 103; Can't Tell, Bravo, Edward F., 98; Goodley, Richal, Flotemy, 95.
Third race—one mile, selling—Brown Charlie, 112; Florimor, 111; Birthday, 108; Franco, Comforter, John Jav S., 104.
Fourth race—seven furlongs, handicap—Belisarius, 114; Cartoon, 110; Lonely, Pagan, 100; Fliny, 95.
Fifth race—five furlongs, selling—Paradise, 115; Dr. Helmuth, 109; Leo Brigel, Wheeler T. Censor, 106; Nettie, 109.
Sixth race—six furlongs, selling—Ballston, Edgar Johnson, 114; Little Addie, 113; Carnegie, 110; Fast Time, 109; Templemore, 107; Urbana, Paola, Fitzroy, Lakewood, Montpelier, Doueman, Parolina, 106; Basthen, 102; Laura S., 98.

BUSINESS EMBARRASSMENTS. A Nebraska Savings Bank in the Han! of an Examiner.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] Kearney, Neb., February 5.—Bank-Examiner Wells has taken charge of the Commercial Savings Bank. The deposit ledger shows a balance of \$59,000 in favor of depositors. The assets amount to over \$70,000, and the depositors, it is said, will eceive 80 per cent.
MILLERS MAKE AN ASSIGNMENT

St. Louis, Mo., February 5.—E. Goddard & Sons, flour-milling men, have filed an assignment for the benefit of creditors, naming Charles Parsons, president of the State Bank, as assignee. The liabilities are estimated at \$10,000; the assets at \$97,005. The manipulation of the wheat market of late preventing profit-making

the Season, -- Many Visiting Ladies.

The german given at Belvidere Hall last night by the Friday Club was one of the most enjoyable of the season. Only about thirty couples attended, and the floor was

ners."

The dance was very gracefully led, and the figures carried out in perfect detail. Among those who enjoyed this delightful affair were Misses Virge Cadot, Louise Brander, Johnston of Petersburg. Emily Cary, Maude Rankin, Carne Moore, Marie Saunders, Madge Ould, Ellen Blair, McCaw of New York, Jones of New York, Mary Howard, Gertrude Howard, Bradley, of Fredericksburg, Clark of North Caro-Mary Howard, Gertrude Howard, Bradley, of Fredericksburg, Clark of North Carolina, Buerthe of University of Virginia, Kent of Wytheville, Pattie Moore of Scottsville, and Stuart Bradley.

The gontlemen were: Messrs, Elmer Echel, James Stringfellow, Biair Stringfellow, Will Newton, Alfred Cary, Arthur Mayo, F. H. Lambert, John Goodwin, Eddie Robertson, Dick Gwathmey, Philip Powell, Frank Blankensinp, Albert Alsop, Graham Hobson, Benjamin Lawson, Harry Baker, M. Drewry, George Christian, George Warren, and Lee Bragg.

Chaperons: Mrs. Cadot, Mrs. John D. Potts, Miss Lulie Powers, and Miss Lillie Wilson.

BOUGHT FOR A TRACK-YARD.

Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Com-pany Furchase the Hall Foundry Site.

The property consisting of a fourth of a block situated on the south side of the basin, corner Ninth and Canal streets and known as Hall's foundry, has been said to

pany Furchase the Hall Foundry Site.

The property consisting of a fourth of a block situated on the south side of the basin, corner Ninth and Canal streets and known as Hall's foundry, has been sold to the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Company for \$40,000.

Major Scott, president of the railroad company, when seen by a Disparch reporter yesterday afternoon, said that the purchase would be converted into a track-yard. He further said that Messrs, Hall & Co. had been given a reasonable time in which to move. An effort was made to see a member of the firm last night, but Mr. Hall was sick, and Mr. Chamblin not at home when the reporter called. It is understood the firm are looking around for a location, and it is intimated they may decide to put their plant in Manchester.

chester.

The railroad company has long been anxious to secure suitable ground for the enlargement of their yard facilities and this piece exactly fills the bill.

Contributing to the Home. The meeting of Lee Camp was exceedingly interesting last might. The following collections were reported from the churches as their contributions to the Soldiers' Home: Union Station Methodist Episcopal church. \$ 10 15

\$185 29

A Leap-Year Ball in Fulton A Leap-Year Ball in Fulton.

A very pretty leap-year ball was given at Donnahue's Hall, in Fulton, last evening. The affair was tendered the young men by the ladles of the Mistletoe So-dis Club. The ball-room presented a most attractive appearance, there being about thirty couples on the floor. The young ladies were attract in ball-costumes and the merry party danced to the music of Chilly's band. The grand march occurred at 9 e-clock and dancing did not cease until after midnight, when the participants repaired to the dining-hall, where an elegant repast was served. After this the amusement was resumed and continued until 3 o'clock.

THE SHORT SELLER.

HE IS THE ANARCHIST OF THIS COUN

o Says a Western Pork-Packer Before th House Committee on Agriculture-Other Anti-Option Talk.

WARRINGTON, February 5.—"The short seller is to-day the anarchist of America." said Mr. John Whittaker, a large pork. Kans., to-day in an address to the House Committee on Agriculture in advocacy of the anti-option bill. He asserted that unquestionably the tendency of "short" selling was to depress prices and to interfere with legitimate trade. Producers, he argued, were sufferers from the sellers short, and he wished these anarchists to be wiped out. He made one exception. We produced no coffee, and for that reason he believed in option selling in coffee. That gave the American citizen cheaper coffee, as it enabled the price to be fixed by sales of a large quantity of coffee that was not in existence. Short-selling in any article of home production, however, he would make a statutory crime. a statutory crime.

ASTO COTTON.

In answer to a question by Mr. Lewis, of Mississippi, Mr. Whittaker said that in his judgment this fictitious selling produced an abnormal condition of the market which defeated the law of supply and demand. Cotton, he believed, would have sold for eight cents or more this year but for short selling by the bears.

Mr. Lewis: In your opinion, then, eight and a halt million bales is not an overproduction?

Mr. Whittaker said he was not a cotton Mr. Whittaker said he was not a cotton expert and could not answer that question but he thought, if investigated, it would be found that the 8.500,000 bales produced would have had the damaging effect it has had on the price but for short selling and the publication of numerous reports of over-production and small consumption. He frequently received letters from Europe saying the writers could pay better prices for meats if the American market could only be kept steady. But this market could not be kept steady when the cash price was being pulled down by sales for future delivery by every Tom, Dick, and Harry.

BEGULATION OF THE MARKET.

REGULATION OF THE MARKET. BEGULATION OF THE MARKET.

By Mr. Moses, of Georgia: You think, then, the price of commodities is governed by the amount of fictitious offerings?

Mr. Whittaker: Undoubtedly.

Mr. Moses: Do you hold that the market is not regulated by the law of supply and demand?

Mr. Whittaker: You gir.

and demand?

Mr. Whittaker: Yes, sir.

Mr. Moses: Why is it, then, that when reports like Bradstreet's or the government reports are given out, showing a large estimated crop, prices go down?

Mr. Whittaker: They work that on the Mr. Moses: And vice-versa, it the crop Mr. Moses: And electrical, it the clope is small, prices go up?
Mr. Whittaker: Not so much. Prices go up a little.

Mr. Moses called attention to the fact that as a general rule, when the port receipts of cotton were very large, prices went down, and when the receipts were very small prices went up; and so with car-receipts of wheat.

Mr. Whittaker admitted that the receipts operated in that way to a certain extent, but said that his observation was that information that had a tendency to send the market upward did not effect it to the same extent as information that SUPPLY AND DEMAND. to the same extent as information that tended to send it down.

Mr. Moses: If meat transactions were confined to real products only, could not the western packers form a trust, get control of the actual products, and put the price away beyond the reach of the consumers? Could not Armour, for instance, with his millions of money, get control of all or enough of the wheat to control the price and send it up to \$2 a bushel?

Mr. Whittaker, did not believe, in the first place, that that would be good policy, and in the second place did not believe the combination necessary to success could be TOUCHING CORNERS.

Mr. Whittaker did not know as to that. NO SPECIAL REPORT FOR BROKERS.

Representative Livingstone, of Georgia, who was present, asked if it were not true that two reports were sent out by the produce exchanges—one a public report and another a private report to brokers, which gave the latter an advantage.

Mr. Whittaker replied in the negative, so far as grain and provisions were concerned.

A number of questions were asked with

A number of questions were asked with reference to the option business with the purpose of ascertaining whether or not there were as many buyers as sellers in this speculation.

Mr. Whittaker said that in the last eight or ten years the speculative business had grown immensely and he thought there were more sellers than buyers.

A BANKER'S PROTEST.

Chairman Hatch has received a protest from the New Orleans bankers against the anti-option bill. The bankers say that if the bill becomes a law it will do immense damage to the business in cotton and grain and hog products, reduce stabilities of values, and work great injury. As bankers, they consider their risk in advancing on such property very much less than was the case prior to the inauguration of the present method of doing business.

The brightest bits of news, readable reviews, charming letters, editorials on many subjects, society and fashion notes and all else properly expected of a liv Sunday paper will be found in to-morrow's ten-page issue of the Dispatch.

HON- ROGER Q- MILLS.

His Line of Tariff Action in the Present Congress.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

New Yoak, February 5.—The Reform
Club tendered a reception to Congressman
Roger Q. Mills, of Texas, at their rooms,
Fifth avenue and Twenty-Seventh streets, this evening, which was attended by over 100 members of the club and many distinguished citizens.

tinguished citizens.

Among those present were Hon, Carl Schurz, Henry George, Professor H. H. Boyesen, George Parsons Lathrop, Congressman A. P. Firch, ex-Secretary-of-the-Treasury Fairchild, Francis Stetson, and Everett P. Wheeler.

President E. Ellery Anderson, in introducing Mr. Mills, spoke of him as "one known to every lover of free-trade principles as the great and fearless fighter in a great cause."

LINE OF TARIFF ACHON,

LINE OF TABIFF ACTION.

Mr. Mills for the first time indicated in a public speech the line of action to be followed by himself and friends in the present Congress regarding the tariff. His first words were in reference to the check which tariff reform had received in the House of its friends at a time when to waver is dangerous. He declared his intention to oppose the proposed half-way and stand-still measures that some Democratic leaders advocated. He scouted the idea of going back to the tariff of 1883 and accepting that as a final settlement. He said that the Democrate had been fighting high tariff for thirty years, and he was for carrying on the war—eternal, uncompromising war.

At the close of his speech, Mr. Mills said: "I will follow wherever the flag points to fair trade, I will follow wherever the flag poss, no matter who carries it, and I will fight wherever the battle is pitched." LINE OF TARIFF ACTION.

THE STUATION IN NEBRASKA. overpor Thaver's Purpose Declared by

Himself—The Legislative Question.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Lincoln, Nrn., February 5.—In view of the fact that conflicting statements have been sent out relative to the gubernatorial controversy in this State. In which Governor Thayer has been placed in a false presition, that gentleman to-day furnished the Associated Press with a statement outlining the course he intends to pursue.

"My attorneys," said the Governor, "are waiting to get the full text of the decision of the Supreme Court at Washington. As yet they do not know what it does really contain, because of the conflicting reports. If any one supposes that I am holding on to the office, or that I have the alightest desire to do so, such person is most woefully mistaken. I am anxious to surrender the office, but I do not propose to act premeturely and without full knowledge of what the decision really mans. The Clerk of the Eluited States Supreme Oourt wired one of the strorneys that the decision of the strorneys that the decision of

ther proceedings. When it is known what the decision is we will know how to act. I am ready to comply with its requirements. The fact that the case is remanded for further proceedings certainly means that something further is to be done before I can surrender this office. It seems now that only four judges sustain the position that the enabling act made Governor Boyd a citizen. That is a minority opinion. There is another feature to this case. The query arises, Am I justified in turning the office over to Governor Boyd? The question is as to my right to turn over the office to any person until the decision of the Nebraska Supreme Court, placing me in the office of Governor, is reversed by the same court, because, as quoted above, the Supreme Court remands the case here for a revision of its judgment and further proceedings. It is the opinion of the best legal lights here that I have no right to thus dispose of this office. This is not a personal matter between myself and Governor Boyd. I am holding the office of Governor in behalf of the people of Nebraska and not for myself. My attorneys, Messrs, Webster, Blarr, and Lumbertson, are giving these questions the most thorough consideration, and I shall act in accordance with their advice. No threats or abuse will deter me from my course. I shall not un from any duty or from any controversy. I assure the people that nothing wonid now please me more than to be relieved of the duties and cares of the office."

Governor Thayer leaves Monday for Texas, to be absent ten days. In his absence Lieutenant-Governor Majors will occupy the Executive office. That gentleman is at present in the city, and he and the Governor united in denying that the Lieutenant-Governor contemplates calling a special session of the Egslature.

ANOTHER GOLD EXCITEMENT.

Ore Struck Which is Thought to be Worth

CRIPPLE CREES, COL., February 5.—The wildest excitement prevails here over the discovery of gold in the Plymouth Rock shaft, on Gold Hill, at the head of the Squaw gulch. At a depth of thirteen feet a chimney of ore was discovered, which is a perfect mass of shiming gold, conservative mining men estimating the value at from \$12,000 to \$15,000 per ton. The mater was house eary quartz imprograted from \$12.00 to \$13.00 per to impregnated ter is a bluish gray quartz impregnated with veins of gold that make it difficult to conjecture what the real value of the ore

A NORFOLK NEWSPAPER-MAN DEAD. He Passes Away in a Cincinnati Hospital

After Suffering Intensely. (Special telegram to the Dispatch. (Special telegram to the Dispatch.)

Springfield, O., February 5.—A special from Cincinnati says that a stranger went to the City Hospital there January 39th, He gave the name of J. S. Clapp, and said he was a newspaper-man from Norfolk, Va. He suffered intensely from vesical calculus, and died yesterday. A valuable charm on his person indicated that he was a prominent Knight of Pythias. He refused to talk about himself, and there was an air of mystery about him which baffled sill questioners. The authorities at Norfolk have been notified.

The New York Base-Ball Club Also to

Train in Richmond. By telegraph to the Dispatch.;

New York, February 5.—The first emphatic movement of the New York Base-Ball Club toward getting ready for the fierce battles on the diamond during the coming season was made to-day by Manager Powers. He told each player to report at Richmond, Va., on March 20th, and there go into training, whereby stiff joints will be limbered and frozen arms thawed out. The team will stay at Richmond until March 29th. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Of Interest to Country Morchants. By telegraph to the Dispatch.

Craig (Democrat) Seated in the House. Washington, D. C., February 5.—The House Committee on Elections to day decided the first election case which it has considered, and decided it in invor of the contestant, traig (Bomorat), who had been contesting the sear of Stewart (Republican, from the Twenty-fourth Congressional District of Peansyrvania. The vote stood 10 to 3, Mezers, Haugen

Instructed for Hill. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] Hupson, N. Y., February 5.—The Colum

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]
DUBLIN, February 5.—At a meeting to
day of the McCarthylte section of the Iris
Parliamentary party Mr. Justin McCarthy wa
re-elected president.

New York, February 5.—S. D. Crenshaw Union Square; W. R. Trigg and W. W. Brauer (Special telegram to the Dispatch.)

Telegraphic Ticks.

The United States cruiser No. 11 will here-after be known as the Marbiehead, having been named after Marbiehead, Mass.

The business failures occuring throughout the country during the last week number for the United States 273; for Canada, 46, or a total of 319 against 297 last week. Governor Flower, of New York, has commuted the sentence in the case of Nicola Frezza, now in Sing Sing under sentence of death, to impri-sonment for the term of his natural life.

Hon. Davis Clapton, who has been associate justice of the Supreme Court of Alabama for a number of years, died of pneumonia at his residence, in Montgomery, yesterday morning. He had been til a few days only.

The Democratic Territorial Central Commit-tee of Oklahoma has decided to call a Territo-rial Convention May 17th for selecting delegates to the National Convention. The committee stood 23 for Cleveland, 2 for Hill, and 1 for Boier. The Pittaburg electric street-car strike is virtually broken, and all the old men who can be accommodated with situations without displacing the non-union men will probably be at work within a week. Their surrender is unconditional, and they go back at the company's terms.

terms.

The President yesterday issued his proclamation promulgating the reciprocity treaty with the British West India colonies. Its details were foreshadowed December 30th, but the proclamation of yesterday includes in its provisions several colonies which were excepted in the publication of the date first named.

The barbed-wire trust, which is composed of all the barbed-wire plants of the country, has been dissolved. This statement was made last night by J. M. Gates, of Chicago, who was presi-dent of the combination. Mr. Gates attributes the collapse to the over production of cotton in the South and the immense output of barbed wire.

Judge Martine, in the New York Court of General Sessions, yesterday dismissed the indictments for misdemeanor found against the editors of the different daily newspapers of the city who published the details of the electrocution of the murderers Wood, Smiler, Slocum, and Jugno at Sing Sing July 7, 1891. In recommending the demissals District-Attorney Nicoll stated that the statute under which the indictments were found had been repealed, and that accordingly convictions could not be obtained.

The warship Victoria, flagship of the British Me. it watean squandron, which went ashore near Plates a few days ago, has been floated.

IT HAS THE HEARTY ENDORSEMENT OF DAVID A. WELLS.

WASHINGTON, February 5.—The Springer policy of attacking the Republican high tariff by separate bills has found endorsement from the great political economist and father of tariff reform, the Hon. David A. Wells, of Connecticut. At the next conference of the Democratic members of the Ways and Master Committee a jetter. the Ways and Means Committee a lette will be read, not only endorsing the Sprin

cratic literature in the agitation for tarif reduction should approve the plan now adopted by the Democrats of the Ways and Means Committee is naturally a source of great gratification to Mr. Springer and the other members who have stood as ad-vocates of the separata-bill policy as op-posed to the demand for an attempt at general revision. The letter of Mr. Wells is addressed to the chairman of the Ways and Means Committee. FOR A WIDER SCOPE.

The first attempt to enlarge the scope of the Democratic policy of the Ways and Means Committee came to-day in the form of a resolution introduced by Mr. Fithian, of Illinois, directing the Ways and Means Committee to report a bill placing all kinds of agricultural implements upon the free list. Mr. Fithian thinks his proposition should have the support of every Democratic representative from an agricultural district and he has already received assurance of support from Congressman Watson and his colleagues of the People's party in the House.

A preamble to the resolution recites that it has been established by satisfactory evidence that the manufacturers of farm implements in this country are selling farm implements already the answer of A. B. Farquhar, an agricultural implements maker, of York, Pa., to the Home-Market Club.

A PLUNDERING OF THE FARMERS.

A PLUNDERING OF THE PARMERS.

A PLUNDERING OF THE FARMERS.

The preamble also recites that under this system of plundering the farmers of our country they are compelled to pay more for their implements than the farmers abroad, whose products are marketed in competition with the products of our farms, and that the duties upon farm implements are an unjust discrimination against American farmers for the benefit of farmers who do not need it, and is therefore legalized robbery.

In a conversation concerning his resolution, Mr. Fithan said: "I do not believe in attacking the McKinley bill by piecemeal, but if that is to be the policy I know of no better way to attack it than, by placing farm implements on the free-list."

Mr. Watson, of Georgia, said: "I think that is a proposition that will have the support of the People's party representatives if it is reported from the committee. It seems one way within the reach of Congress to afford the farmer partial relief, and we would naturally be in favor of it. We are, on general principles, in favor of the free list being, as far as possible, extended to all articles except luxuries. For that reason we would favor this proposition."

Chairman Springer, of the Ways and Means Committee, was not prepared to say that the committee would receive favorably Mr. Fithan's resolution as an independent proposition. "The revision of the metal and lumber schedules," said he, "is involved in dealing with the rates on farm implements, as iron and lumber are the materials from which farms implements are manufactured. If lumber and the faw material from which iron and steel are made are put upon the free list, there ought to be a large reduction in the duties on farm implements. It would not do, bowever, to put finished products on the free list and leave the raw material still subject to a tax. This would smply drive the manufacturers of such products out of the country." Chairman Springer, of the Ways and

TWO SEPARATE BILLS. Congressman Bunting, of New York, to-day introduced two tarin bilis. One places a duty of 1 cent a pound on tin-plate and taggers tin, and 12-10 cents on terme plates, with a drawback less 5 per cent. of the duty paid on exported cans, boxes, and packages made from imported tin-plate. After October 1, 1895, the articles plate. After October 1, 1896, the articles named are to be placed on the free list. The second repeals, after July 1, 1893, the duty of 4 cents a pound on pig-tin.

SAD SCENES IN COURT. frs. Osborne Arraigned, Discharged, and

Arrested Again.

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]

Lender. Eebruary 5.—Mrs. Florence
Eleid Osborne, who voluntarily surrendered herself vesterday to answer the
charges made against her in connection
with the theft and sale of a quantity of
valuable jewelry belonging to Mrs. Hargreaves, formerly an intimate friend, was
formally arraigned before Lord-Mayor
Evans this morning. She appeared to be
utterly broken down. She kept her handkerchief to her eyes, and occasionally her
whole frame would shake with convulsive
sobs. In every way she appeared to appreciate her painful position. Captain
Osborne was solicitous and devoted in his
attention. He kept his hand on her arm
and tried by word and kindly touch to
comfort her and make her feel that no
matter what happened he would stand her
friend to the end. The scene was most
pathetic, and there was a suspicious moistture in the eyes of some court attendants
who, it would be thought, were hardened to
scenes of misery and suffering.

At 10-30 o'clock after the usual formali-Arrested Again.

who, it would be thought, were hardened to scenes of misery and suffering.

At 10:30 o'clock, after the usual formalities had been complied with, the court was declared open and the formal charge against Mrs. Osborne of obtaining money under false pretences, by representing herself as the rightful owner of jewelry she had sold to Spink & Sons, was read. Mr. Osborne's solicitor announced that Mrs. Osborne had surrendered herself voluntarily to the police in order to meet the charge against her. Lord-Mayor Evans said he was unable to proceed with the case until the Treasury were represented. Then ensued a long wait, which proved too much for the strained nerves of Mrs. Osborne. She seemed choking and became hysterical. Her husband fanned her and gave her a giass of water, but nothing seemed to caim her. Finally the scene became extreme paintal, and at the Lord Mayor's suggestion she was taken to an adjoining committee-room to await the coming of the representative of the Treasury. Captain Osborne supported her on one side and a stalwart detective on the other. They were compelled almost to carry her, and, as they neared the door of the committee-room, she placed her arms around her husband's neck and would have failen to the floor had not he and the detective supported her. As she was carried through the court-room there was a murmur of pity from the spectators. It was without doubt one of the saddest scenes ever witnessed in a London ccurt-room, and the abject misery and helplessness of the unfortunate woman touched all hearts.

After a long wait the Hon. Mr. Cuffee,

ness of the unfortunate woman touched all hearts.

After a long wait the Hon. Mr. Cuffee, representing the Treasury, appeared, and the hearing was resumed. Mr. Cuffee said the Treasury had no evidence to offer against the prisoner, whereupon the Lord Mayor promptly discharged Mrs. Osborne.

The detectives at once stepped to the committee-room and again placed Mrs. Osborne under arrest on the clearge of perjury. Mrs. Osborne was then taken to the Bow-Street Court, where the formal charge was made against her. She was remanded for a week, ball being offered and refused. She was then removed to Holloway jail, Captain Osborne accompanying her to the prison.

Newspaper Selling on Sunday.

(By telegraph to the Dupaten.)

PITEMBURG, February 5.—The hearings in cases against newsdealers by the Law Order Society for selling newspapers on day took place before Aidenman Rohe to. The evidence against the detendants was yweak, and the alderman discharged six of ten prisoners. The others were fined \$25 costs each. They will appeal to court from the sistem. So far the efforts of the Law and Order ple to stop the sale of newspapers on Sunday esignally failed. Nearly a score of newslers and carriers have been fined, but in ry instance an appeal has been taken and the of the papers continues.

SPRINGER'S POLICY. Proposed that he absented there belong persons, the water of the possible declared, and, se queering belong persons, the MARKET QUOTATIONS

house DOES EVER DID-OF EVER

A. SAKS & CO.

A READY RELIEF.

LL SIGNS OF SENSE AND SU-A PERSTITION point to a new

PIECE SHORT-PANTS SUIT in the house that is marked \$4.50, \$4, and THIS DAY'S SALE for

PIECE SHORT-PANTS

marked \$5 and \$6-4- to 14-year sizes-is in THIS DAY'S SALE for

\$2.87.

They are wearers and fashionable

IF THERE'S A MAN IN THE HOUSE-

and he basn't taken his pick yet of the SUITS and OVERCOATS in our \$10 special sales-call his attention to this.

TO-DAY IS THE LAST DAY.

at \$10 are few and far between-but of the SUITS there's a choice yet.

The sizes that are left in OVERCOATS

We Stand By You.

FINANCIAL. \$6,500 TO LEND ON CITY \$6,000 REAL ESTATE at 6 per cent.

CHARLES A. ROSE, Real Estate and Loans, 11 north Tenth street.

\$2,300 Business prompt and confidential.

John L. Williams & Son, BANKERS, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

INVESTMENT BONDS LOANS NEGOTIATED FOR MUNICIPAL AND RAILROAD CORPORATIONS. BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND

ed on all the principal Cities of EUROPE, and on ASIA, AFRICA and SOUTH AMERICA Our MANUAL OF INVESTMENTS, the largest work of the published by any Banking House in America (40 pp. 60 pp.

LETTERS OF CREDIT

\$200,000. CITY OF RICHMOND
4 PER CENT. REGISTERED BONDS,

34 YEARS. PRICE, 698 AND INTEREST.

Price will be advanced without notice.
OTHER BONDS and STOCKS bought and sold DAVENPORT & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
10 2-cod12t 1115 Main street. TO LEND.

HARMANUS FISHER & BON, BANKERS AND BROKERS, 10 SOUTH STREET, BALTIN

CENTRES OF THE WORLD

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 5,-Forecast for Virginia for twenty-four hours—from midnight to midern winds, and clear weather; continued orth winds, fresh and brisk on the coast; lear weather; continued cold and proba-

was disagreeable. It rained and snowed n the morning and was clear in the after-Range of the thermometer at the frontloor of the Disparch office yesterday:

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET. NEW YORK, February 5.-There was a marked improvement in the temper of the stock market to-day, and despite the very strea-uous efferts of the bears to continue the decline of yesterday, they were clearly outclassed, and

of yesterday, they were clearly cutchased: and the stocks which attracted attention material gains were scored as the result of the day's operations. On the other hand there was fice realizing in some stocks, and the bond market, which has of late been steadily tending upward. Archison most prominent.

The last-named were by all odds the most prominent feature of the day, and especially during the forenoon they had a marked effect for evil on the market. The Grangers were rather stuggish throughout the day, and St. Paul was pressed for sale to some extent, but Louisville and Nashville responded to the changed attitude of the fortgners, and also to the disappointment of the bears over its good chowing of carnings. Edison Electric opened up to 104, but realizing on the advance, caused by the new combination, sent it back again to last night's prices, and the other apecialities were quiet and without feature during the entire day.

THE OPENING ACTIVE AND HIGHER. THE OPENING ACTIVE AND RIGHTS.

The general market opened active and higher, but the realizations in the Atchison securities and their material losses developed a drooping tendency in the whole list, and fractional losses were the rule. Distillers, however, after a decline of 14 per cent, railied over three cents, and lifted the rest of the list slowly, and when the tendency in the Coalers and Western Union.

Frening.—Erchange quiet but firm at 486a 488. Commercial bills, 4845a4803, Money easy at 15a2; ctosing odered at 2. Sub-Treasury balances—Coin, \$115,725,000; currency, \$12,702,000. tovernments dull but steady; 4 per cents, 11034. State bonds on-tirely neglected. STOCK QUOTATIC
Alabama—Class A. 2 to 5.

S. 5's.
North Carolina consoi d's.
North Carolina 4's.
South Carolina Browns.
Tennessee o's.
Tennessee o's.
Tennessee o's.
Tennessee s'stiomeat.
Virginia d's. consois.
Northwestern frunswick Mobile and Ohio 4's Silver certificates (Western National Bank New York certificates) issued on deposit

of bullion...
American Sugar Rednery.
American Sugar Rednery, proferred...
Chesapeake and Ohio...
Chesapeake and Ohio. 1st preferred...
Chesapeake and Ohio. 2d preferred...
Chesapeake and Ohio. 2d preferred...
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy... BALTIMORE STOCK MARKET.

Baltimore. February 5.-Virginia 3's, 73½a; Baltimore and Ohio stock, 94%a95; Northern Central stock, 68½ asked; Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern 1sts, 102½ bid; consolidated gas bonds, 112 asked; do. stocks, 40%a40½. RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE. FRIDAY, February 5, 1892.

SALES.—3,000 Virginia 3 per cents at 7314;
2,000 do. at 7314; 20 shares Union Bank of Richmond at 113, 15 do. at 113.

| STATE SECURITIES | STATE SECURITIES | STATE SECURITIES | STATE | STA

RAILEDAD STOCKS.

Insurance Companies.
Virginia Fire and Marine.....
Virginia State GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE. RICHMOND. February 5.—OPPRUINGS— Corn. (00 bushels. Moal. 600 bushels. Mill-offal. 15 tons. NALES—Corn. 700 bushels. Oats 1,000 bushels.

WHEAT.—Longberry, \$1.04. Mirod, 98.a. \$1.04. Shortborry, \$0.a.\$1.04. No. 2 red, \$1.05. White, Virginia, 50a53c.; No. 2, 52c. No. 3, mirod, 45a50c. Oara.—No. 2, 3014a37c. No. 3, 35a3da Winter (for seed), 55a60c. NYR.—N8a90c.

Pintz — We quota: Pine, 83.75a84; superfine, 84.25a84.50; extra, 84.75; family, 85a85.35; patent family, 85.50a85.76. RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET.

(Reported for the Dipasch.)
FRENCHY 5.—Rovenue collections togars and cigarettee, \$1,569.91;
\$3,485.98—total, \$5,085.89.
Private sales: Fillers, \$0; wrappesmokers, \$0; darks, 15—total, 67.

BALTIMORE steady; No. 2, white western, 3856, 39c.; No. mixed western, 373,1716c; rescripta, 2,000 but els; stock, 83,835 bushels. Rye lower; No. 85a87c.; stock, 88,435 bushels. Hay stead good to choice timothy, 13,50a41b. Gra freights dull; steamer to Liverpool, per bush dd.; Cork for orders, per quarter, 3s. Cott weak; middling, 75c. Provisions steady a unchanged. Butter steady and unchanged. Butter steady and unchanged. Steady at 27c. Coffee steady; Riocargoes, fa 17c.; No. 7, 145c. Sugar steady and uchanged. Copper steady; refined. 105c. Wh key firm at \$1.24. Peanuts unchanged.

ST. LOUIS.

WHMINGTON, N. C., February 5.—Turpenting dull at 37%. Rosin firm; strained. \$1.90. Crude surpentine steady; bard, \$1; yellow-dig and virgin, \$1.90. NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES. NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES.
NEW YORK, February 5.—Cotton—Net receipts,
400 bales; gross receipts, 2,502 bales. Futures
closed steady. Sales, 140,800 bales; February,
80,85a84.86; March, 66,90a6.91; April,
80,80a87; May, \$7,09a87.10; June, \$7,19a
87,20; July, \$7,20; August, \$7,37a87.38; September, \$7,46a87.47; October, \$7,55a87.57;
Nevember, \$7,05a87.67.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, February 5.—Noon.—Cotton—Rusiness moderate at unchanged prices; American middling, 3 15-16d.; saies, 10,000 cales; American, 9,500 bales; speculation and export, 1,500 bales. Futures easy; February and March, 3 55-64d., also 3 51-64d.; March and April, 3 55-64d., also 3 51-64d.; April and May, 3 55-64d., also 3 58-64d., also 3 57-64d. May and June, 3 61-64d.; April and May, 3 56-64d., diso 3 68-64d., also 3 57-64d. May and June, 3 61-64d.; April and May, 46-64d., also 43-64d.; August and September, 4-8-64d. Tenders, 2,400 bales new docket and 2,000 bales old. Turpentine, 25s.

1. P. M.—February, 351-64d. sellers; February and March, 3 51-64d. sellers; March and April, 3 54-64d. sellers; April and May, 357-64d. buyers; May and June, 3 60-64d. buyers; June and July, 3 63-64d., buyers; June and July, 3 63-64d., buyers; June and July, 3 63-64d., buyers; August and September, 4 4-64a 5-64d.; September, 4 7-64a NORFOLE PEANUT MARKET. LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

[Reported for the Dispatch.]
FERRUARY 5.—Market firm. Sales of prime andes reported at 3c. Prime, 3c.; extra prime, 3dc.; factory hand-picked, 34a.

CAMM.—Died, on the 4th instant, at New Castle, Craig county, Va., in the 50th year of his age, Captain ROBERT A. CAMM, of the Confederate States navy. Lynchburg papers please copy.

CLARKE.—Died, Thursday, February 5th, at the residence of her husband, EMMA BULLINGTON, wife of Augustus B. Clarke, in the 68th year of her age. The funeral services will take place from Leigh-Street Baptist church SUNDAY AFTERNOON (the 7th instant) at 330 o'clock.

NEWMAN.—Died, suddenly, February 4
1892, at 5 o'clock A. M., ISAAU NEWMAN,
in the 52d year of his age.
His funeral will take place from St.
Mark's church on SATURDAY, the 6th, at
11 o'clock A. M. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

PORTOF WEST POINT, PRO

MARINE INTELLIGENCE MINIATURE ALMANAC, PRESIDENT 6, 1892. PORT OF BICHMOND, PERSONNY 5, 1892.